

## Verbs For Class 4

**Definition:** A verb is a word that showcases the occurrence of a particular task or conveys a state of being.

We will understand verbs with the help of an example:-

- Ms.Sharma *is teaching* the class in the morning.

What does Ms.Sharma do in the morning? She teaches the class in the morning. The action that she is doing is "*teaching*" the class. So, the action that is denoted to her is "teaching". Hence, the verb that is here is "teaching".

Let us understand another example:-

- Suman writes a letter to her aunt who is living in the US.

The verb that is used here is "writes". Because it is denoting an action.

Similarly, we will look at a few *more examples*:-

1. Swara is **dancing** at the party.
2. Kids are **playing** in the park.
3. Mother is **cooking** in the kitchen.
4. Sahil is **writing** notes.
5. Disha is **studying** physics.

We can see the action words in the above sentences are: *dancing, playing, cooking, writing, and studying*.

## Types Of Verbs For Class 4

There are various types of verbs which are as follows:-

1. Transitive verbs
2. Intransitive Verbs
3. Auxiliary verbs
4. Modals verbs

### 1. Transitive verbs

A kind of verb that *needs an object* to follow the verb through is called a transitive verb.

*Examples:*

1. The teacher was **teaching** science today. (the object is "maths")
2. Sweetie is **watering** the plants. (the object is "plants")
3. I am **writing** my notes with a pen. (the object is "pen")
4. He is **playing** video games on television. (the object is "television")
5. She was **singing** a song at the concert. (the object is "concert")
6. Mahak is **listening** to songs. (the object is "songs")
7. Pallavi **cooks** tasty food. (the object is "food")
8. Ram will be **having** dinner with his friends. (the object is "dinner")
9. We are **going** to a village to spend the vacation. (the object is "concert")
10. The dog **barks** at night. (the object is "night")

## 2. Intransitive Verbs

Unlike a transitive verb, an Intransitive verb does not take an object.

### Examples:

1. I **wake** up at 5 am.
2. We were **laughing** together.
3. She was **walking**.
4. He is **reading**.
5. She **laughed** loudly.
6. Children **sang** songs.
7. Riya **arrived** late at night.
8. The baby is **sleeping**.
9. Girls are **dancing**.
10. Pranav is an **intelligent** boy.

## 3. Auxiliary Verbs

An Auxiliary verb is a verb that helps to show a mood or tense. It is used as a helping verb that supports the main verb in a sentence.

### Examples:

1. She **has** been cooking since morning.
2. He **was** studying the whole night.
3. They **were** playing in the park.
4. We **will** be going to the party.
5. These students **are** done with their examinations.
6. Shreya **will** go for shopping today.
7. **May** you never meet John's father.
8. She **was** happy to find her lost toy.
9. Mira **has** been school it for not completing the project.
10. What **are** you doing since last two hours?

#### 4. Modals Verbs

The verbs such as; *Shall, should, will, would, might, can, could, must, ought, dare, etc.* show the necessity, intent, ability, or possibility. So, they are known as called modal verbs.

##### Examples:

1. You **shall** enter the class now.
2. She **will** not miss the opportunity.
3. She **can** go to the office.
4. He **ought** to follow the rules.
5. She **could** join the meeting.
6. He **might** come today in the evening.
7. They **must** complete the project.
8. Rahul **may** forget to buy stationery.
9. Sia **should** complete her work before playing.
10. Teena **can** run quickly.

#### Exercises for verbs Class 4

##### Exercise: 1

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of a verb.

1. She \_\_\_\_\_ (do) many things everyday.
2. He \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) at the moment.
3. They \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a party last Saturday.
4. They \_\_\_\_\_ (do) it today.
5. He \_\_\_\_\_ (write) his essay two weeks ago.
6. Look! These children \_\_\_\_\_ (play) with the ball.
7. He \_\_\_\_\_ (attempt) a test today.
8. He sometimes \_\_\_\_\_ (break) his toys.
9. The girl \_\_\_\_\_ (get) good marks last year.
10. She usually \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) modern clothes.

##### Answers:

1. Does
2. Is cooking
3. Had
4. Did
5. Wrote
6. Are playing
7. Attempted
8. Break
9. Got

10. Buys

### Exercise: 2

Make use of the word "will" along with the correct form of words given in brackets.

1. Tomorrow it \_\_\_\_\_ in the north-east. (to rain)
2. My best friend \_\_\_\_\_ 18 next Tuesday (to be)
3. My class teacher told me she \_\_\_\_\_ a word with my mother. (to have)
4. He \_\_\_\_\_ his boss next week. (to contact)
5. I suppose you \_\_\_\_\_ the job. (to get)
6. They \_\_\_\_\_ around 6 am. (to arrive)
7. The teacher \_\_\_\_\_ this question. (to explain)
8. She \_\_\_\_\_ you the bottle of water. (to give)
9. A lot of accidents \_\_\_\_\_ in this weather. (to happen)
10. He \_\_\_\_\_ if you show him the spider. (to scream)

### Answers:

1. Will rain
2. Will be
3. Will have
4. Will contact
5. Will get
6. Will arrive
7. Will explain
8. Will give
9. Will happen
10. Will scream

### Exercise: 3

Identify the given sentence's transitive or intransitive verb.

1. The car turns left
2. The Spider makes his web.
3. Aman ran a long distance.
4. The bell rang loudly.
5. Children are playing cricket in the park.
6. They got the thief.
7. Rama kicks the ball so badly.
8. Ravi is feeling sad.
9. Riya prepares food for all.
10. The girls are participating in a dance competition at an annual function.

### Answers:



1. Intransitive verb
2. Transitive verb
3. Transitive verb
4. Intransitive verb
5. Transitive verb
6. Intransitive verb
7. Transitive verb
8. InTransitive verb
9. Intransitive verb
10. Transitive verb

## Exercise: 4

Identify the given sentences as Modal verb or auxiliary verb.

1. Can he give me some petals?
2. They are having a get together at night.
3. Susan likes to spend time with you.
4. I am sorry for the interruption.
5. Desi always wash hands before eating.
6. Reema has bought chocolates for her brother.
7. His mother must watch him while sleeping.
8. Samantha does not feel good that she is not invited to the party.
9. Alex and Tom were playing football in the garden.
10. She should contact a doctor about her health.

## Answers:

1. Auxiliary verb
2. Modal verb
3. Auxiliary verb
4. Auxiliary verb
5. Modal verb
6. Auxiliary verb
7. Modal verb
8. Auxiliary verb
9. Auxiliary verb
10. Modal verb