

# The Sentences for Class 4

#### What is a sentence?

**Definition:** A group of words that conveys a meaning. That can also convey a *statement*, *command*, *exclamation*, and, *question*.

## **Statement Sentence**

**Definition:** A statement sentence contains a particular statement with a specific meaning.

## For Example:

- 1. I am coming right now.
- 2. He is trying his best now.
- 3. I have not done this yet.
- 4. I want to clear this exam soon.
- 5. I did not inform him about this.

# **Command Sentence**

**Definition:** A command sentence contains a particular command with a specific meaning.

#### For Example:

- 1. Go to your school right now
- 2. Do your homework on time
- 3. Go there and sit down
- 4. Try to complete this on time
- 5. Focus on your studies properly now

## **Exclamation Sentence**

**Definition:** An exclamation sentence is used in an exclamatory way with a specific meaning.

#### For Example:

- 1. Wow! that is really amazing.
- 2. Great! You achieved your target.
- 3. Hurrah! We won this match now.
- 4. Really! You want to go there today.
- 5. Wow! I love this beautiful red dress.



# **Question Sentence**

**Definition:** A question sentence contains a question.

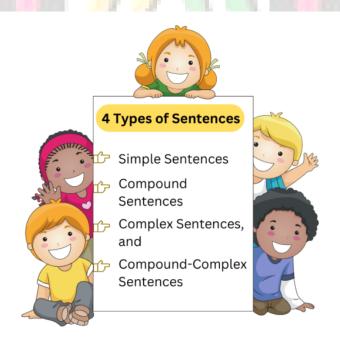
## For Example:

- 1. When are you coming here from your office?
- 2. Why do you meet him in the office daily?
- 3. Where is he going for his higher studies?
- 4. At what time will you reach there today?
- 5. How many candidates are there in the interview today?

# **Types of Sentences for Grade 4**

There are four types of sentences such as:

- 1. Simple Sentences
- 2. Compound Sentences
- 3. Complex Sentences, and
- 4. Compound-Complex Sentences



## 1. Simple Sentences

**Definition:** A simple sentence has one independent clause in a sentence.

### **Examples:**

1. She does not come here daily.



- 2. I always try my best to explain the topics.
- 3. You can sit there for some time.
- 4. I am doing a job in this company.
- 5. **He** is enjoying the party today.

## 2. Compound Sentences

**Definition:** A compound sentence contains two independent clauses. and it also has a coordinating conjunction such as (for, but, nor, yet, nor, etc.) often links the two independent clauses.

#### **Examples:**

- 1. I like apples but she likes grapes.
- 2. My mother is very humble **but** my father is very strict.
- 3. My brother is intelligent but my sister is weak.
- 4. I am watching my favorite show but he is watching cricket.
- 5. I love pizza but he loves burgers.

## 3. Complex Sentences

**Definition:** A complex sentence is something that contains at least one independent clause and one or more than one dependent clauses. There must be at least one subordination conjunction in a sentence.

#### Examples:

- 1. I do not play cricket because I do not have time.
- 2. If you do not complete your task, you will get punishment.
- 3. Please wait here unless I come back to the room.
- 4. I watch t.v. when I complete all the pending works.
- 5. this is not a good idea because I have tried this.

### 4. Compound-Complex Sentences

**Definition:** A compound-complex sentence is a sentence that combines complex sentence and compound sentence forms. A compound-complex sentence has one or more than one independent clause and one or more dependent clauses.

## **Examples:**

- 1. I like to sleep in but I can get up early in the morning if I have work.
- 2. He does not come here daily because he lives too far but he comes on Sunday.
- 3. I like to play cricket but now I do not play because I am so busy these days.
- 4. I Love to spend my time here but I am busy so I am unable to be here daily.
- 5. I joined your Facebook group but I left because I do not want so many notifications.



# **Independent and Dependent Clauses**

There are two types of clauses in a sentence such as *independent* and *dependent clauses*. A sentence contains one independent clause and may contain one or more dependent clauses.

## **Independent Clause**

An independent clause contains a complete meaning and can stand by itself. it does not require any other clause to complete its meaning.

- 1. I really do not like your way of talking to the elders.
- 2. You are doing great work for society these days.
- 3. I am trying my best to win this battle now.
- 4. We are preparing for our exams these days.
- 5. I am giving you some good advice for a better career.

## **Dependent Clause**

A dependent clause contains an incomplete meaning and cannot stand by itself. It requires an independent clause to complete its meaning.

#### **Examples:**

- 1. When I go to the market, I buy fruits.
- 2. I do not like his nature because he is a liar.
- 3. I did not call you because I was busy today.
- 4. When you come here, you feel very happy.
- 5. She could not come here because she was not well.

# Sentences Worksheet for Class 4

### Worksheet - 1

Read the sentences carefully and write their type from the bracket

### (Statement, Command, Exclamation, and Question)

- 1. I have been calling him for a long time.
- 2. She will explain this topic today.
- 3. Wow! what a beautiful thought.
- 4. Why are you scared without any reason?
- 5. He is going to Mumbai with his friend tomorrow.
- 6. Go to your school and focus on your future.
- 7. I am always with you my dear friend.
- 8. When did you decide about this matter?



- 9. Yuck! I don't like this type of food for my dinner.
- 10. Do your work on time and let me know soon.

#### **Answer:**

- 1. Statement
- 2. Statement
- 3. Exclamation
- 4. Question
- 5. statement
- 6. command
- 7. statement
- 8. Question
- 9. Exclamation
- 10. command

## Exercise - 2

Read the sentences carefully and write their type from the bracket.

(Simple Sentence, Compound Sentence, Complex Sentence, Compound-Complex Sentence)

- 1. Hove to have pizza with my friends on weekends.
- 2. I do not like this type of place for spending my time.
- 3. I like mango in my breakfast but she likes apples.
- 4. I do not like tea at night because I feel sleepy.
- 5. I am doing my work with my brother today.
- 6. She does not feel sleepy because she sleeps in the afternoon.
- 7. I am available for a chat now but he is busy in the office.
- 8. He does not come here now because he lives too far but he comes on weekends.
- 9. I like to play football but now I do not play because I am so busy these days
- 10. I have been waiting for this lovely surprise for a long time.

#### **Answer**

- 1. Simple sentence
- 2. Simple sentence
- 3. Compound sentence
- 4. Complex sentence
- 5. Simple sentence
- 6. Complex sentence
- 7. Compound sentence
- 8. Compound complex sentence
- 9. Compoud complex sentence
- 10. Simple sentence